



# History Study Center™

A gateway to global history

## Content that Spans the Ages



The screenshot shows the History Study Center website. At the top, it says "HISTORY STUDY CENTER" with a search bar and navigation links like "Home", "Information Resources", "My Archive", and "Help". Below the search bar, there are several featured sections: "Study Units" (Material on over 500 widely-studied historical topics), "Historical Documents" (Hundreds of full-text historical documents), "Maps & Reference" (Maps, reference articles and topic overviews), "Multimedia" (Historical images, video clips and web links), and "Journals" (Articles from journals selected for their relevance to historians). A "This month's theme is" section highlights "The Second World War" with a sub-section for "The Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor on 7 December 1941 brought the United States into the Second World War." There are also links to "Contact us", "Privacy policy", "Accessibility", and "Site map".

History Study Center delivers a comprehensive collection of primary and secondary source material relevant to the study of history and social studies.

The collection gathers together over 40,000 documents and media that cover 14 centuries of history—from ancient to modern, old world to new. Resources include newspaper and journal articles, rare books, video clips, diaries and letters, dynamic maps, statistics, reference books, websites, and more.

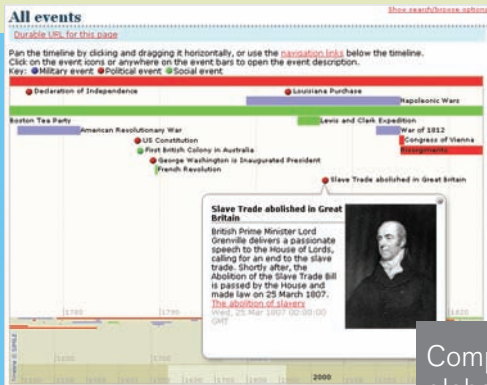
Documents are hand-selected by an editorial team of history scholars, so users have quick and easy access to the most relevant resources available. Plus, Study Units organize best-of primary sources, historiographies, journal articles, biographies, reference works, maps, and multimedia sources by more than 500 most-studied subjects in U.S. and world history.

Use History Study Center to connect to:

- **Historical Documents:** thousands of primary source texts—selected from historical sourcebooks and digitized periodical, book, and newspaper collections—help to reveal contemporary accounts and provide a historical context to current interpretations of history.
- **Journals:** complete full text from nearly 100 history and social science journals, and selected articles from more than 350 historical topics, deliver the latest in historical issues and research.
- **Maps and Reference:** thousands of maps, articles, essays, and biographies illuminate key themes, events, and places, and offer a quick source of key factual information and essential background knowledge for those new to a topic.
- **Multimedia:** images, editorial cartoons, video clips, and links to selected websites supplement textual information.

“What sets History Study Center apart are the study units designed to guide users through broad historical topics and related, more specific subtopics; including such disparate subjects as the Mongol Empire, the Mexican Revolution, genocide in the 20th century, and sport and leisure.” —Choice Magazine

# Chinese Dynasties. Growth of Islam. American Cultures. World Wars. African Nationalism.



Comprehensive global history in one single resource



Thousands of primary and secondary sources detail history

### HISTORY STUDY CENTER

Search for: [in: All content] [Go] Advanced search

Home Information Resources My Archive Help

Study Unit

Back to Browse Study Units

Save to my archive 46 Cite this

#### The Napoleonic Wars, 1803-1815

Jump to:

- Timeline
- Reference
- Biographies
- Historiography
- Maps
- Primary sources
- Images
- Journal articles
- Web links
- Related Study Units

When Napoleon Bonaparte became First Consul in 1799 France was at war with Britain, Austria and Russia. Austria, defeated at Marengo (1800) in Italy by Napoleon and by Moravia at Hohenlinden in Bavaria, made peace at Lunéville (1801), recognizing the left bank of the Rhine as French territory. The Tsar, resenting the British seizure of Malta and Austria's failure to support Russian troops in Switzerland, withdrew his forces from Western Europe. Both Britain and France were exhausted and so made peace at Amiens in 1802, though the peace did not last, as Britain refused to withdraw from Malta, whilst France strengthened her control in Italy and Switzerland. Napoleon's hopes of invading Britain were destroyed at Trafalgar (1805), by which time a Third Coalition of Britain, Austria and Russia had been formed against France. [more...](#)

Highlights

- Wellesley, Arthur, 1st Duke of Wellington (1769-1852) - Who's Who in Late Hanoverian Britain

Study Units provide in-depth introductions to over 500 key historical topics

## Ancient Times to the Present Day

Launch a keyword search across all or a portion of the content; browse by Study Units; and browse or conduct advance searches across historical documents, maps & reference, multimedia, or journals.

Additional tools like durable links, My Archive saved lists, and auto-citations help students complete coursework; and topic overviews, timelines, and document-based questions give teachers the ability to tie materials to classroom instruction and assignments.



### To learn more

For more information, call 800-521-0600 or visit our website at [www.proquestk12.com](http://www.proquestk12.com).

### About ProQuest

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